

Homework 3
Due: February 19, 2009

- Give unambiguous grammars (and do not use Extended BNF) for the following languages:

- (a) Non-empty palindromes over the terminals $\{0, 1\}$.
- (b) The language denoted by the regular expression $(a \cdot b^* \cdot a) | (b \cdot a^* \cdot b)$ (over the alphabet $\{a, b\}$).
- (c) Strings where all **a**s precede all **b**s and there are strictly more **a**s than **b**s over the terminals $\{a, b, c\}$.

Hint: One way of verifying that a grammar is unambiguous is to run it through ML-Yacc or ML-Antlr and get no conflicts.

- Consider the following grammar:

Function-style prefix with $\{\wedge, \vee\}$ -lists	
\hat{S}	$\rightarrow P \$$
P	$\rightarrow var$
P	$\rightarrow \neg (P)$
P	$\rightarrow \wedge (L)$
P	$\rightarrow \vee (L)$
L	\rightarrow
L	$\rightarrow P K$
K	\rightarrow
K	$\rightarrow , P K$

- (a) Draw the *derivation tree* for the string $\wedge (a, \vee (b, \neg (c))) \$$.
- (b) Compute *Nullable*, *First*, and *Follow* for each non-terminal in the grammar. Use Figure 1.
- (c) Compute the *LL(1)* parse table for the grammar. Use Figure 2.
- (d) Show the execution of the *LL(1)* parsing algorithm when parsing the string $\wedge (a, \neg (b)) \$$. Use Figure 3.
- (e) The canonical *LR(0)* states for the grammar are given in Figure 4. Compute the *LR(0)* *Goto* function for the grammar. Use Figure 5.
- (f) Compute the *LR(0)* action and goto tables for the grammar. Use Figures 6 and 7. Is the grammar *LR(0)*?
- (g) Compute the *SLR* action table for the grammar. Use Figure 8. (Recall: the *SLR* goto table is the same as the *LR(0)* goto table in Problem 2f.) Is the grammar *SLR*?
- (h) Show the execution of the *SLR* parsing algorithm when parsing the string $\wedge (a, \neg (b)) \$$. Use Figure 9.

Document history

February 10, 2009

Figure 4: $I_9 = \{[P \rightarrow \neg (. P)]\} \Rightarrow I_9 = \{[P \rightarrow \wedge (L) .]\}$

February 5, 2009 Original version

	<i>Nullable</i>	<i>First</i>	<i>Follow</i>
\hat{S}			
P			
L			
K			

Figure 1: *Nullable*, *First*, *Follow* (for Problem 2b)

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	<i>var</i>	\neg	\wedge	\vee	()	,	\$
\hat{S}								
P								
L								
K								

Figure 2: *LL(1)* parse table (for Problem 2c)

Figure 3: Execution of $LL(1)$ parsing the string $\wedge (a , \neg (b)) \$$ (for Problem 2d)

$$\begin{aligned}
I_0 &= \{[\hat{S} \rightarrow . P \$], [P \rightarrow . var], [P \rightarrow . \neg (P)], [P \rightarrow . \wedge (L)], [P \rightarrow . \vee (L)]\} \\
I_1 &= \{[P \rightarrow var .]\} \\
I_2 &= \{[P \rightarrow \neg . (P)]\} \\
I_3 &= \{[P \rightarrow \wedge . (L)]\} \\
I_4 &= \{[P \rightarrow \vee . (L)]\} \\
I_5 &= \{[\hat{S} \rightarrow P . \$]\} \\
I_6 &= \{[P \rightarrow \neg (. P)], [P \rightarrow . var], [P \rightarrow . \neg (P)], [P \rightarrow . \wedge (L)], [P \rightarrow . \vee (L)]\} \\
I_7 &= \{[P \rightarrow \wedge (. L)], [L \rightarrow .], [L \rightarrow . PK], [P \rightarrow . var], [P \rightarrow . \neg (P)], [P \rightarrow . \wedge (L)], [P \rightarrow . \vee (L)]\} \\
I_8 &= \{[P \rightarrow \vee (. L)], [L \rightarrow .], [L \rightarrow . PK], [P \rightarrow . var], [P \rightarrow . \neg (P)], [P \rightarrow . \wedge (L)], [P \rightarrow . \vee (L)]\} \\
I_9 &= \{[P \rightarrow \wedge (L) .]\} \\
I_{10} &= \{[L \rightarrow P . K], [K \rightarrow .], [K \rightarrow . , PK]\} \\
I_{11} &= \{[P \rightarrow \wedge (L .)]\} \\
I_{12} &= \{[P \rightarrow \vee (L .)]\} \\
I_{13} &= \{[P \rightarrow \neg (P .)]\} \\
I_{14} &= \{[K \rightarrow . , PK], [P \rightarrow . var], [P \rightarrow . \neg (P)], [P \rightarrow . \wedge (L)], [P \rightarrow . \vee (L)]\} \\
I_{15} &= \{[L \rightarrow PK .]\} \\
I_{16} &= \{[P \rightarrow \vee (L) .]\} \\
I_{17} &= \{[P \rightarrow \neg (P) .]\} \\
I_{18} &= \{[K \rightarrow . , PK], [K \rightarrow .], [K \rightarrow . , PK]\} \\
I_{19} &= \{[K \rightarrow . , PK .]\}
\end{aligned}$$

Figure 4: Canonical $LR(0)$ states (for Problems 2e, 2f, 2g)

	<i>var</i>	\neg	\wedge	\vee	(,)	\hat{S}	P	L	K
I_0	I_1	I_2	I_3	I_4	\emptyset	\emptyset	\emptyset	\emptyset	I_5	\emptyset	\emptyset
I_1	\emptyset										
I_2	\emptyset	\emptyset	\emptyset	\emptyset	I_6	\emptyset	\emptyset	\emptyset	\emptyset	\emptyset	\emptyset
I_3											
I_4											
I_5											
I_6											
I_7											
I_8											
I_9											
I_{10}											
I_{11}											
I_{12}											
I_{13}											
I_{14}											
I_{15}											
I_{16}											
I_{17}											
I_{18}	\emptyset	\emptyset	\emptyset	\emptyset	\emptyset	I_{14}	\emptyset	\emptyset	\emptyset	\emptyset	I_{19}
I_{19}	\emptyset										

Figure 5: $LR(0)$ *Goto* function (for Problem 2e)

	Action								
	var	\neg	\wedge	\vee	(,)	$\$$	
I_0	$s I_1$	$s I_2$	$s I_3$	$s I_4$					
I_1	$r P \rightarrow var$								
I_2						$s I_6$			
I_3									
I_4									
I_5									
I_6									
I_7									
I_8									
I_9									
I_{10}									
I_{11}									
I_{12}									
I_{13}									
I_{14}									
I_{15}									
I_{16}									
I_{17}									
I_{18}									
I_{19}									

Figure 6: $LR(0)$ action table (for Problem 2f)

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	\hat{S}	P	Goto $\text{g } I_5$	L	K
I_0					
I_1					
I_2					
I_3					
I_4					
I_5					
I_6					
I_7					
I_8					
I_9					
I_{10}					
I_{11}					
I_{12}					
I_{13}					
I_{14}					
I_{15}					
I_{16}					
I_{17}					
I_{18}					
I_{19}					

Figure 7: $LR(0)$ goto table (for Problem 2f)

	<i>var</i>	\neg	\wedge	\vee	Action	(,)	\$
I_0	$s\ I_1$	$s\ I_2$	$s\ I_3$	$s\ I_4$					
I_1									
I_2									
I_3									
I_4									
I_5									
I_6									
I_7									
I_8									
I_9									
I_{10}									
I_{11}									
I_{12}									
I_{13}									
I_{14}									
I_{15}									
I_{16}									
I_{17}									
I_{18}									
I_{19}									

Figure 8: *SLR* action table (for Problem 2g)

Figure 9: Execution of *SLR* parsing the string $\wedge (a, \neg (b)) \$$ (for Problem 2h)