Lecture 16: Pervasive Surveillance Systems

CMSC 25900 / DATA 25900
Spring 2021
The University of Chicago



Urban Surveillance

Surveillance of Street Corners



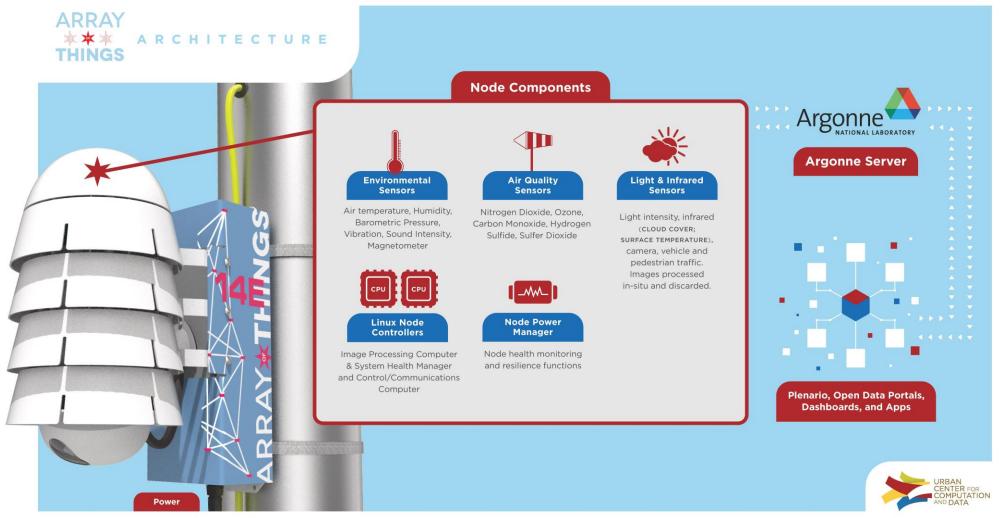


Surveillance of (My) Street Corner





Surveillance (?) of Street Corners



Surveillance (?) of Street Corners

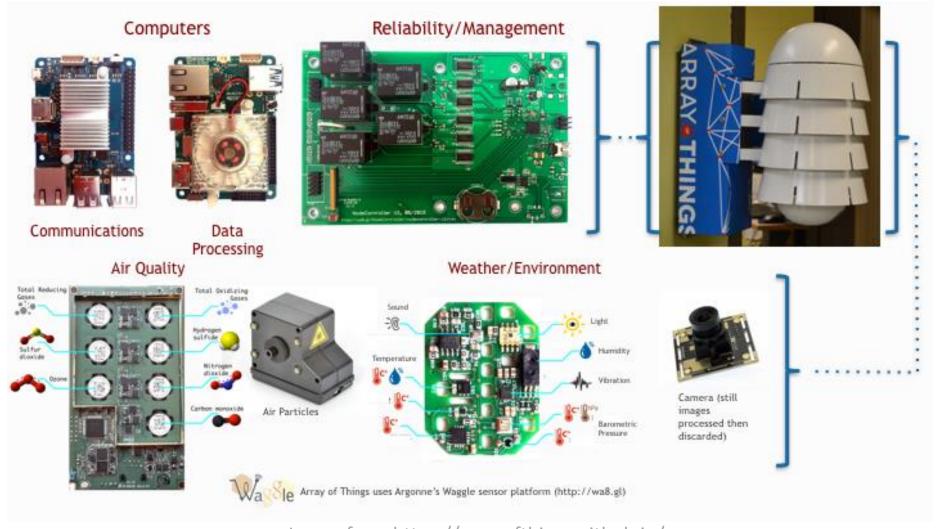


Image from https://arrayofthings.github.io/

Surveillance of a Population

Tracking Chicago Juveniles

CHICAGO IS TRACKING KIDS WITH GPS MONITORS THAT CAN CALL AND RECORD THEM WITHOUT CONSENT

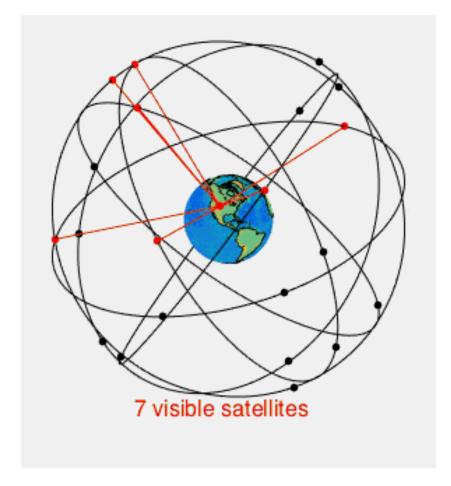
Cook County has a new contract for juvenile ankle monitors that critics say are an invasion of privacy.

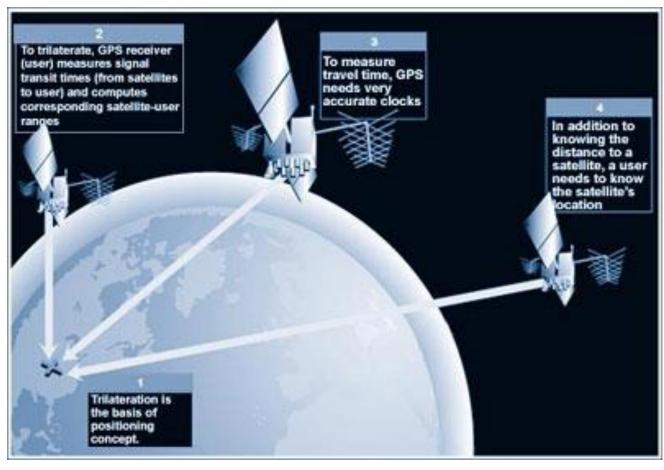
This story was co-published with Citylab.

On March 29, court officials in Chicago strapped an ankle monitor onto Shawn, a 15-year-old awaiting trial on charges of armed robbery. They explained that the device would need to be charged for two hours a day and that it would track his movements using GPS technology. He was told he would have to be given permission to leave his house, even to go to school.

https://theappeal.org/chicago-electronic-monitoring-wiretapping-juveniles/

Side Note: How GPS Works





Social Credit System in China

The Social Credit System integrates various types of data into its public files*



Not all data is related to blacklists or red lists

The Social Credit File

Basic information

Name of legal repre-

code

Founding date Other basic info

Other file information

Administrative permits

Administrative penalties Irregularities

Irregularities Iist Key enforcement information

Red lists

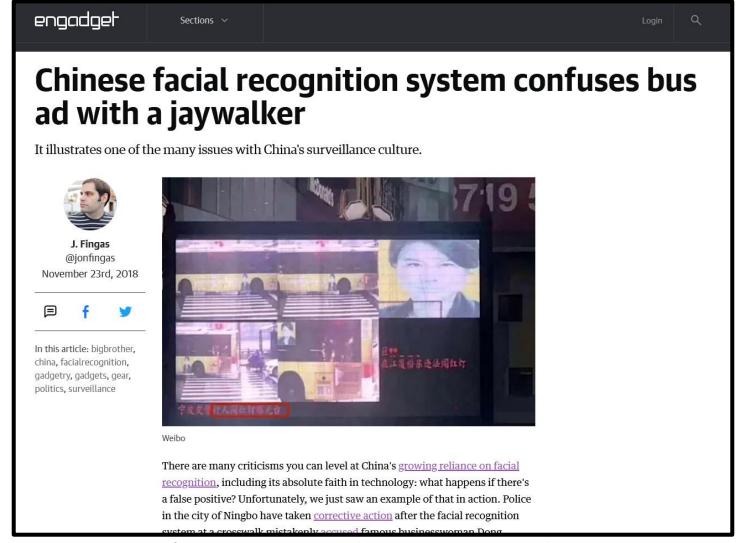
Blacklists

MERICS

^{*}Note: This is the file represented in the national Credit China and Corporate Credit Information databases. While these are the model for national implementation, different formats exist and are shattered across different administrative levels. A significant portion (in some cases over eighty percent) of this data remains confined to these local portals.

Source: Credit China

Social Credit System in China



Facial Recognition in China

The Washington Post

Democracy Dies in Darkness

Technology

Huawei tested AI software that could recognize Uighur minorities and alert police, report says

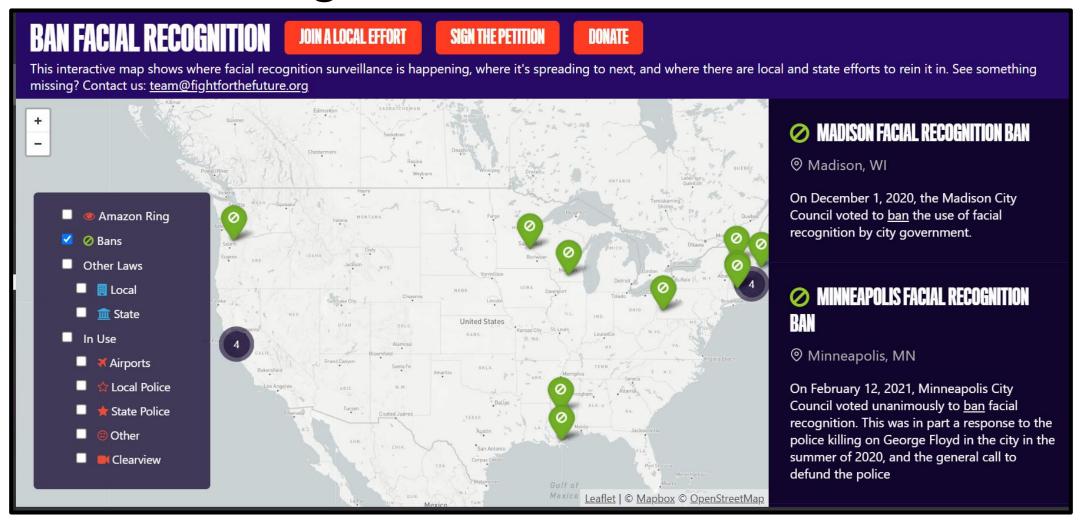
An internal report claims the face-scanning system could trigger a 'Uighur alarm,' sparking concerns that the software could help furnished crackdown on the mostly Muslim minority group



Facial Recognition in China

 "A document signed by Huawei representatives... shows that the telecommunications firm worked in 2018 with the facial recognition start-up Megvii to test an artificial-intelligence camera system that could scan faces in a crowd and estimate each person's age, sex and ethnicity. If the system detected the face of a member of the mostly Muslim minority group, the test report said, it could trigger a "Uighur alarm" — potentially flagging them for police in China, where members of the group have been detained en masse as part of a brutal government crackdown."

Facial Recognition in the USA



Tracking You



Surveillance At Borders





Apple employee detained by U.S. customs agents after declining to unlock phone, laptop



Customs and Border Protection officers violated a citizen's rights when they demanded he turn over passwords to his electronic devices at the airport, the American Civil Liberties Union Foundation of Northern California said in a civil complaint filed Tuesday. (Daniel Acker/Bloomberg)

By Hamza Shaban

April 3

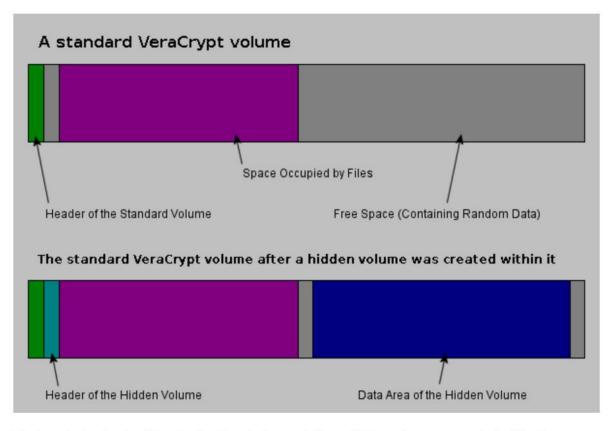
When Andreas Gal returned from a business trip in Sweden last fall, he was carrying two companyowned devices: an iPhone XS that flashed "Confidential and Proprietary" on its lock screen and a MacBook Pro bearing a sticker that read "PROPERTY OF APPLE. PROPRIETARY."



Plausible Deniability of Encryption

Hidden Volume

It may happen that you are forced by somebody to reveal the password to an encrypted volume. There are many situations where you cannot refuse to reveal the password (for example, due to extortion). Using a so-called hidden volume allows you to solve such situations without revealing the password to your volume.



The layout of a standard VeraCrypt volume before and after a hidden volume was created within it.

https://veracrypt.eu/en/docs/hidden-volume/

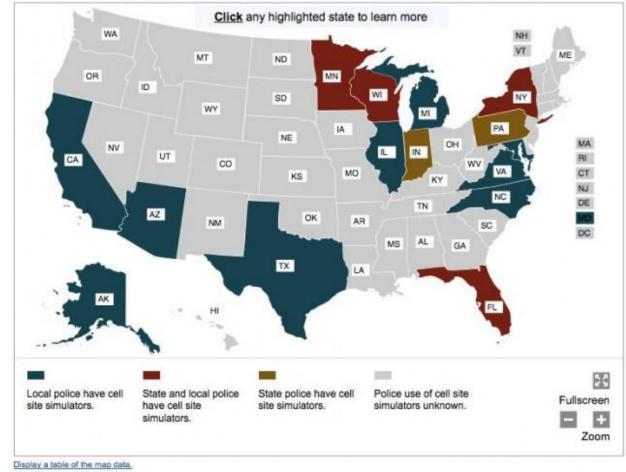
Phones in the Legal System

- Riley v. California
 - SCOTUS 2014
- Unanimous ruling that warrantless search of a phone during an arrest is unconstitutional
- Fifth Amendment from the Bill of Rights: Speech cannot be compelled
 - Many (but not all) courts consider passwords to be "speech"
 - Biometrics are not considered speech

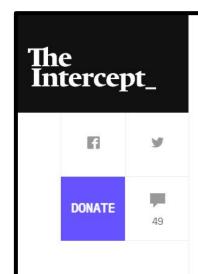
Surveillance of Activism

Mobile Devices

Stingrays (cell site simulator)



FBI Surveillance of Activists



THE FBI SPENDS A LOT OF TIME SPYING ON BLACK AMERICANS

The FBI released a new trove of documents relating to its surveillance of black activists. They're mostly redacted.



Alice Speri October 29 2019, 9:07 a.m.

THE FBI HAS come under intense criticism after a 2017 leak exposed that its counterterrorism division had invented a new, unfounded domestic terrorism category it called "black identity extremism." Since then, legislators have pressured the bureau's leadership to be more transparent about its investigation of black activists, and a number of civil rights groups have filed public records requests to try to better un-

Understanding the Security and Privacy Advice Given to

BLACK
LIVES
MATIER
Protesters

Maia Boyd, Jamar Sullivan, Marshini Chetty, Blase Ur











Our Goals

- Characterize advice given to novice protesters
- Test protesters' understanding and use of advice
- Focus on security or privacy advice given to participants in BLM protests

PROTESTING SAFELY

Goggles

Emergency

written down

contacts

WHAT TO WEAR



Nondescript, solid color, layered clothing; cover identifying tattoos



Heat resistant aloves



WHAT TO BRING



DON'T DDING



data.



Anything you don't want to be arrested with



Protest

signs

lenses

Forbes



Passwords might be safer than biometric authentication methods. GETTY

Turn off biometric authentication

In January 2019, a federal judge ruled that police can't force you to unlock your phone using your fingerprint, eyes or face. Still, to be on the safe side, it's probably best to turn off those biometric authentication methods while you're protesting.

Passwords may be safer, as they're generally protected under the Fifth Amendment. Besides, you might conveniently happen to forget yours if an officer asks you to unlock your device.

protesting tips for being safe and strong + #blacklivesmatter



COMMUNICATION:

- 1. make sure you write 2+ phone numbers in sharple on your body be careful in case they are identified.
- 2. med bracelet!
- 3. turn location/cellular data off. enable emergency SOS.
- 4. passcode only option.
- 5. ductape camera in case you have to secretly record eviden

DO NOT POST PHOTOS OF PEOPLE. HEY WILL BE TRACKED BY POLICE. YOUR ACTIONS HAVE CONSEQUENCES YOU ARE NOT THERE TO BE A TOURIST. SOME PEOPLE WILL BREAK YOUR CAMER

7. cash for transportation. have a plan. it will be chaotic, be careful with bikes. buses and streets will be shut down. try to be as local as possible, i repeat. have a plan.

SAFETY DURING PROTEST





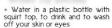
-WHAT TO DO

- + Plan ahead: For essential needs, care and supplies. Know what to expect. Know how to get assistance. Plan for how to re-contact your buddies if
- + Be calm and focused: when things get most intense, react todanger or warning signs sooner, not later
- + Watch for signs of physical and mental problems in yourself and others. Cool down others who exhibit panic behavior
- + Document: film or write down police actions, brutality, and injuries

-WHAT NOT TO DO-

- + Don't put vaseline, mineral oil, oil-based sunscreen or moisturizers on skin as they can trap chemicals
- + Don't wear contact lenses, which can trap irritating chemicals underneath
- + Don't wear things which can easily be grabbed (i.e. jewelry, ties, loose hair)
- + Don't go alone, if you can help it go with an affinity group or some friends who know you well
- + Don't forget to eat food and drink lots

-WHAT TO BRING-



- + Energy snacks
- Identification and/or emergency contact information
- + Enough money for pay-phone, food, transportation
- + Watch, paper, pen for accurate documentation of events
- + Inhaler, epipen, insulin & several days of prescription medication
- + Menstrual pads. Avoid using tampons - if you're arrested you may not have a chance to change
- + Basic First Aid Kit
- + Wet Wipes and tissues

-WHAT TO WEAR

- + Shatter resistant Swimming Googles and a N95 Facemask
- + Comfortable, protective shoes that you can run in
- + Clothing covering all your skin to protect from sun and pepper spray
- + Shatter-resistant eve protection (i.e. sunglasses, swim goggles, or gas mask)
- + Bandana to cover nose and mouth soaked in water, lemon juice or vinegar, it can aid in breathing during chemical
- + Fresh clothes in plastic bag (in case yours get contaminated by chemical weapons)
- + A hat to protect you from the sun and from chemical weapons

-DEALING WITH TEARGAS

- + Avoid use of oils & lotions because they can trap the chemicals and thereby prolong exposure
- + Gas masks provide the best facial protection, if properly fitted and sealed. Alternatively, goggles, respirators, or a wet bandana over the nose & mouth will
- + STAY CALM. Panicking increases the irritation. Breathe slowly and remember it is only temporary
- + Blow your nose, rinse your mouth, cough & spit. Try not to swallow
- + Wearing contacts: you must remove the lenses or get someone to remove them for you, with CLEAN, uncontaminated fingers. Destroy the lenses after exposure
- + DO NOT RUB IT IN
- + Use an eye flush using a solution of half liquid antacid and half water. This only applies to aluminum hydroxide or magnesium hydroxide



KNOW YOUR RIGHTS

- Freedom of Expression and Assembly: Everyone has the right to carry their opinion to the streets.
- + Protection of the Right to Freedom of Assembly: Law enforcement must facilitate and not restrict a peaceful public assembly
- Freedom from excessive use of force In the policing of non-violent protests, police must avoid the use of force.
- + Right to Medical Assistance: If you are injured you have a right to medical assistance without delay.
- + Freedom from Arbitrary Arrest and Detention: If you are arrested you have a right to be told of the reason for your arrest, you also have the right promptly after your arrest to have access to a lawyer and to your family.
- + Right to Complain: If your rights have been violated you have a right to file a complaint and to be provided information on how to do so.





& first aid

supplies



- 13 classes of advice, including advice about:
 - Protecting against phone confiscation
 - Protecting messages and web browsing
 - Disabling communication features
 - Protecting against identification

- Disabling transmissions (31 guides)
 - Using airplane mode (18 guides)
 - Turning off phone (8 guides)
 - Turning off location services (20), WiFi (8), Bluetooth (7), and cellular data (7)

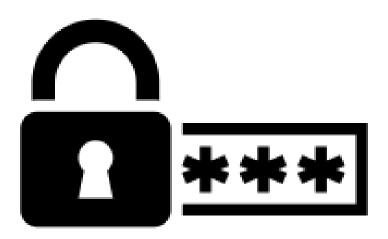


- Leave primary phone at home (21 guides)
 - Bring a burner phone (16 guides)
 - Provided rationale for advice (14 guides)
 - Vague
 - "To protect your privacy and prevent surveillance, the best thing you can do is leave your phone at home."

- Disable biometrics (28 guides)
 - Use a passcode instead (11 guides)
 - Explained importance of advice (6 guides)
 - Vague explanations
 - "It might be best to deactivate facial recognition or fingerprint unlocking if you're concerned about being approached by the police."
 - Specifically mention key rationale (2 guides)



- Using a strong passcode (20 guides)
 - Recommended using passcode/password instead of biometrics (12 guides)
 - Explained purpose of following advice (7 guides)



- Using end-to-end encrypted (E2EE) apps (27 guides)
 - Use Signal (26 guides)
 - Use WhatsApp (3), Wire (3), Wickr (2), Dust (1), Keybase (1),
 or Telegram (1)





- Avoid identifiers (21 guides)
 - Avoid people in photos/recordings (20 guides)
 - Avoid faces (14 guides), identifying features (14), and locations (6)
 - Remove metadata (9 guides)
 - Blur features (12 guides)
- Social media caution (18 guides)



- Less prevalent classes of advice:
 - Encrypt device (9 guides)
 - Back up device (6 guides)
 - Use a VPN (4 guides)
 - Use a secure browser (3 guides)
 - Disable notifications (2 guides)
 - Use screen pinning (2 guides)

Part 2: Survey of Primarily Novice Protesters

- US-based supporters of BLM
- Had attended at least one BLM protest in person
- 167 eligible survey respondents
 - 100% supported the BLM movement
 - 7% considered themselves organizers (vs. participants)
 - 53% women, 46% men, 1% non-binary
 - 52% Black, 31% White, 5% Asian, 5% Hispanic/Latinx
- 75% of respondents had attended 1 4 BLM protests total

Part 2: Survey of Primarily Novice Protesters

- 13 classes of advice, 13 statements
 - "Disable biometric (face or fingerprint) unlocking for your phone.
 Use a password/passcode instead."
- For each statement, we asked:
 - Had they seen this advice?
 - Did they understand this advice?
 - Did they follow this advice? (Why or why not?)

Part 2: Survey Results



Biometric authentication

- Not protected by 5th amendment
- Device can be forcefully unlocked

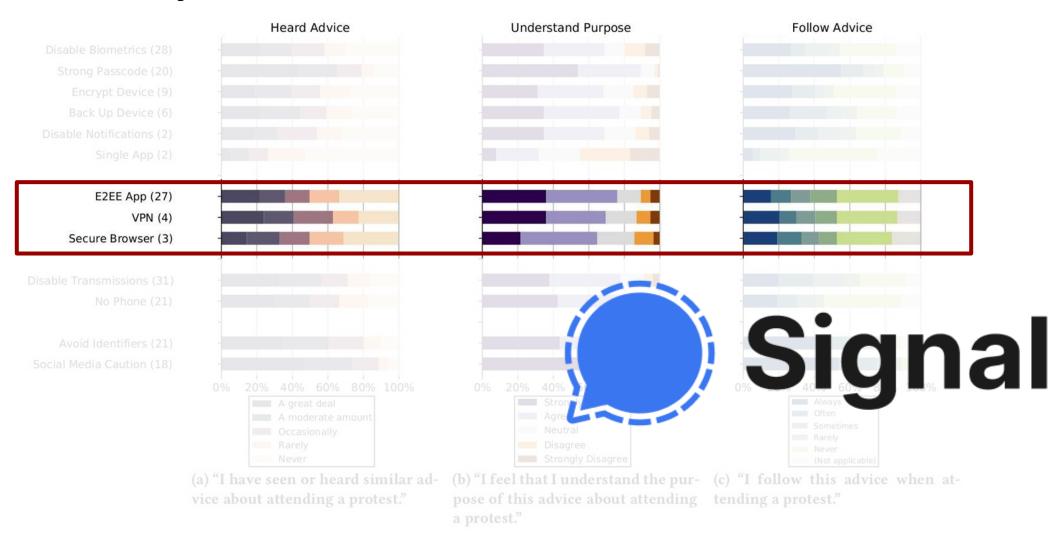


Using a strong passcode

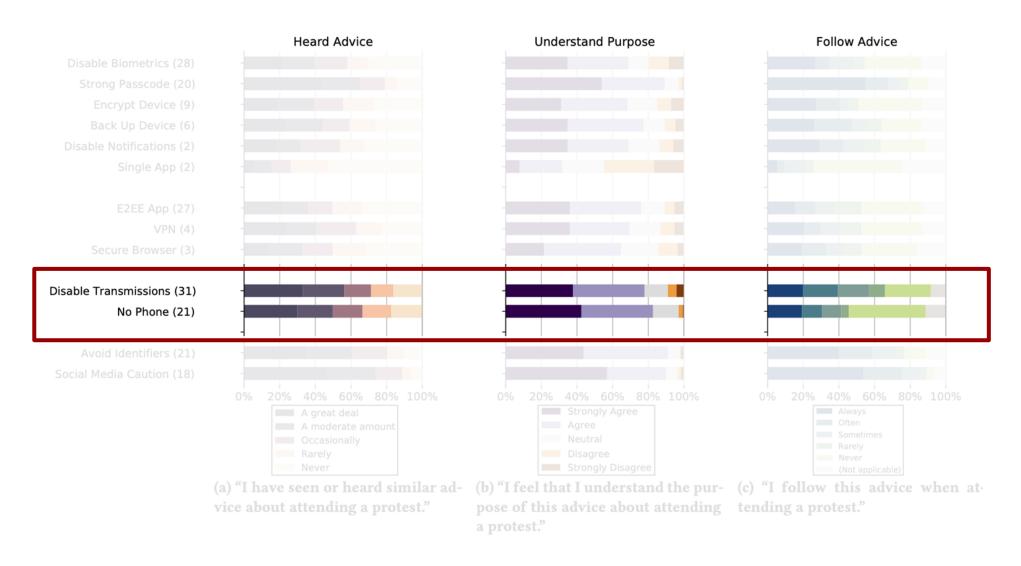
- Protected by 5th amendment
- Device cannot be forcefully unlocked



Part 2: Survey Results



Part 2: Survey Results



Surveillance of Students

Exam-Proctoring Software



Testing and exam proctoring methods that invade privacy and erode trust undermine the very integrity that institutions demand students uphold. (Shutterstock)



The health risks posed by COVID-19 mean most Canadian university classes are <u>online this year</u>. As a result, some students will write exams online via <u>remote proctoring platforms</u> that surveil their activities.

These tools go by names like <u>ProctorU</u>, <u>Examity</u>, <u>Respondus</u> and <u>Proctorio</u>, among others. Designed by for-profit tech startups, they monitor students' laptops, tablets or phones during the course of an exam. Proctoring tools can <u>monitor eye</u> <u>movements</u>, <u>capture students' keystrokes</u>, <u>record their screens</u> and <u>track their searches</u> as well as their home environments and

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Disclosure statement

Bonnie Stewart does not work for, consult, own shares in or receive funding from any company or organization that would benefit from this article, and has disclosed no relevant affiliations beyond their academic appointment.